## U.S. Food and Drug Administration

# What is FDA Doing to Protect the Food Supply?

David W. K. Acheson, M.D., F.R.C.P.

Associate Commissioner for Foods





Department of Health and Human Services
U.S. Food and Drug Administration

#### Food Protection Plan

An integrated strategy for protecting the nation's food supply

NOVEMBER 2007

PREVENTION · INTERVENTION · RESPONSE

#### **Outline**

- Changes and Challenges
- FDAs Food Protection Plan
  - Major elements
  - Legislative proposals
- Implementation of the FPP
  - Current Focus
- Industry role





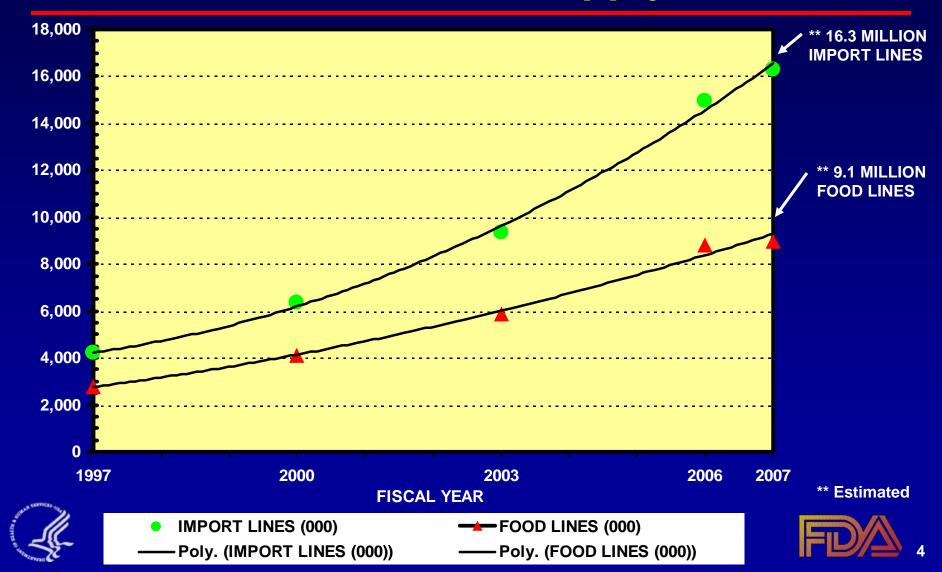
## Changes and Challenges Trends in Consumption

- Consumer demand for items 24/7, year round
- Convenience foods are increasing in popularity
- Increasing global food supply
  - Approximately 15% of food is now imported





## Changes and Challenges Global Food Supply



### **Changes and Challenges**

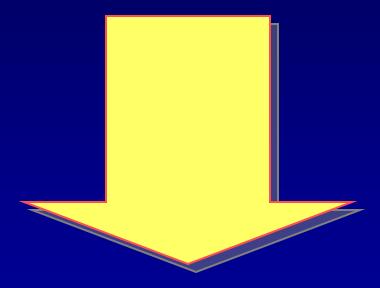
- Increasing numbers of high risk individuals
  - Elderly
  - Immune compromised
- New questions emerging
  - Melamine, BPA etc.
  - Risk/benefit analysis
- Bioterrorism
- Deliberate adulteration for economic gain
- High profile outbreaks in recent years
  - Diminished consumer confidence





### Time for a New Approach

## Reactive



**Proactive** 





#### **The Food Protection Plan**

## FOOD PROTECTION

- ▶ PREVENTION: Build safety in from the start
- ▶ INTERVENTION: Risk based inspections and testing
- ▶ RESPONSE: Rapid reaction, effective communication

FOOD SAFETY







## Food Protection Cross-Cutting Themes

- Focus on risks over a Product's life cycle —
- Target resources to achieve maximum risk reduction
  - Gather the science
  - Rank products based on risk
  - Focus prevention and intervention
- Revised strategy regarding imported foods
  - Production life cycle vs. Port of entry





### **Agency Actions**

#### Prevention

- Promote Increased Corporate Responsibility
- Identify Food Vulnerabilities and Assess Risk
- Expand Understanding and Use of Effective Mitigation Measures

#### Intervention

- Increase Risk-Based Inspections and Sampling
- Improve the Detection of Food System "Signals" that Indicate Contamination

#### Response

- Improve Immediate Response
- Improve Risk Communication to the Public, Industry, and Other Stakeholders





## Prevention Legislative Proposals

- Preventive Controls Against Intentional Contamination by Terrorists or Criminals at Points of High Vulnerability
  - Focus in areas of greatest risk
- Preventive Controls for High-Risk Foods
  - Foods associated with repeated instances of serious illness or death



## Intervention Legislative Proposals

- Accredit Third Parties for Food Inspections
  - FDA accreditation program, including audit and training
  - Certification could be considered for import review and domestic inspection priorities
- Electronic Import Certificates for Designated High Risk Products
  - FDA determines products of concern and criteria for certification
  - Shipments without proper certification are refused entry





## Response Legislative Proposals

- Mandatory Recall of Food Products
  - Reasonable belief the food is adulterated and presents a risk of serious illness or death
  - Used only when firm refuses or delays a voluntary recall
- Enhanced Access to Food Records during Emergencies
  - Current access requires reasonable belief that a food is adulterated AND presents a risk of serious illness or death
  - Would allow access when specific adulterant has not been identified
  - Expand access to records for related foods, such as food produced on the same production line





### **Expectations**

- What is FDA doing to protect the food supply?
- How is FDA using newly appropriated money and base money to protect the food supply?
- What is the detailed implementation plan to ensure that the various components of the agency charged with protecting the food supply (CFSAN, ORA,CVM, NCTR, OC) are integrated, and coordinated
- What plan does FDA have for protecting the food supply beyond 2009.
- How will FDA measure the impact of the food protection activities on public health?



## **Current Major Focus**

- Establishing a Risk Based Approach
  - Focus on inspections, research needs, imports
- Outreach
  - States and locals St. Louis meeting
  - Foreign governments
  - Industry
- Track and trace systems
  - Public meeting in the fall
- Voluntary certification programs
  - FR notice published
  - Shrimp pilot to determine feasibility
- Import strategies
  - Greater sophistication for risk based inspections (PREDICT)
- FDA beyond our borders
  - FDA presence in various parts of the world
- Legislative proposals





## FDA – Beyond our Borders

- China
  - MOA signed December 2007
  - Establish an office in 2008
- India
  - Technical team visit in March 2008
  - Establish a presence in 2008
- South/Central America
  - Development of an MOU/office
- Europe
  - Presence planned
- Middle East
  - Presence planned





## Success depend on partnerships

- Between regulators
  - Federal/State/Local/Tribal
  - Foreign governments
- With industry
  - Domestic
  - Foreign
- With academia
- With consumers





## Industry

- Preventative controls
  - Basic standards
  - Risk-based focus
- Supply chain
  - Ability to track product
  - Know your suppliers
- Reaction to consumer complaints, illness
- Find ways to interact with FDA





## **Summary**

- The U.S. has one of the safest food supplies in the world
- Changes in the food supply necessitate a new approach to food protection – much greater focus on prevention
- Food Protection Plan is an integrated approach with greater emphasis on Prevention, plus effective Intervention and rapid Response
- Build partnerships to address the global food supply
- Recognition that this is a long term activity



## **Questions?**



