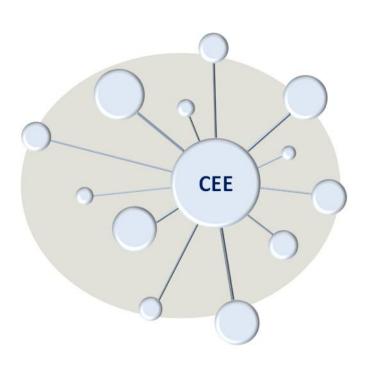
Agriculture and Prepared Products

Center of Excellence and Expertise

October 2013



What are Centers for Excellence and Expertise?





U.S. Customs and Border Protection

- Virtual organizations that leverage technology to bring work to the Center
- Coordinated from a strategic location
- Aligned by key industry sectors
- Bring existing expertise together to authoritatively facilitate trade
- Provide a single point of processing for participating importers
- Serve as resource to the broader trade community and to CBP's U.S. government partners

CEE Background

- A key component of CBP's *Trade Transformation initiative*
- Developed in collaboration with trade stakeholders to create more uniform and efficient trade facilitation
 - Commercial Operations Advisory Committee (COAC)
 - Industry Working Groups used to define Centers
- After tests on Center and Account concepts, CBP formally opened the first Centers (Electronics and Pharmaceuticals) in October 2011
- Federal Register Notice (8/28/12) proposed CEE test and requested volunteers. Test modified and expanded through 4/4/13 FRN
- As of June 2013, CBP has ten industry Centers covering all products



How the Centers Operate



Previously

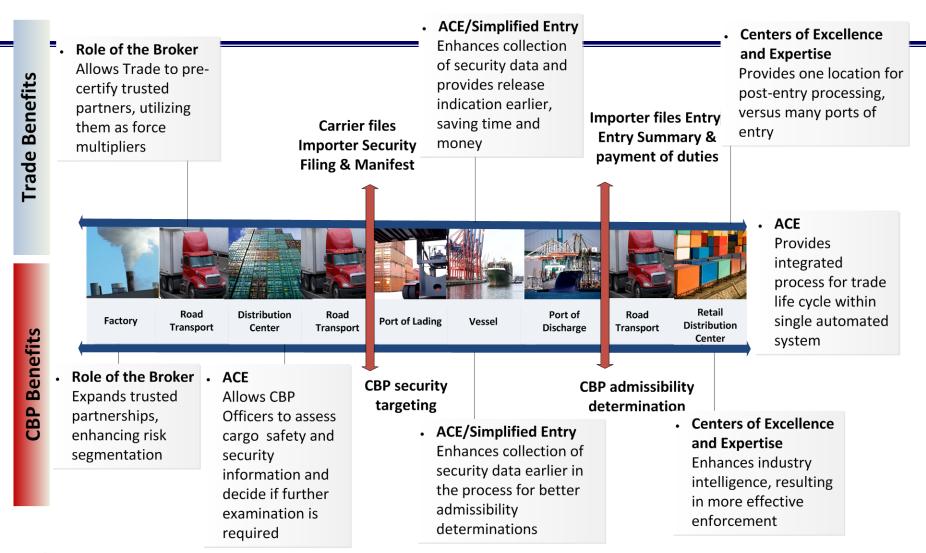
- Company imports into 60 Ports of Entry
- 60 ports conduct entry summary reviews



Center Operations

- Company imports into 60 Ports of Entry
- ONE Center conducts all entry summary reviews

Transforming the Cargo Clearance Process





CBP's Ten Centers

Border Protection



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February 2013

Goals of Centers

1) Facilitate legitimate trade through effective risk segmentation

- Process imports using account management
- Expand partnerships move more importers to trusted trader status
- Develop and implement comprehensive strategies to manage risk
- 2) Increase industry-based knowledge within CBP
 - Advance bi-directional education to raise industry knowledge
 - Engage industry groups and key stakeholders
- 3) Enhance enforcement and address industry risks
 - Leverage industry to identify issues of mutual interest to provide CBP with targeting, enforcement, and/or intelligence information
 - Coordinate enforcement efforts by industry to address unique risks



Goal 1: Facilitate Legitimate Trade

- Monitor cargo release for trusted traders and work with the ports to resolve holds
- Process post-release documentation (or its electronic equivalent) for trusted traders
- Manage and perform ISA oversight for trusted trader accounts
- Collaborate with other government agencies to develop alternatives to paper-bound requirements and/or blanket statements



Goal 2: Increase Industry Based Knowledge

- Engagement with industry stakeholders
- Training sessions with Trade on business process
- Serve as primary point of contact for trade and CBP personnel for industry-related issues
- Interact with relevant other government agencies to understand their processes and the impact on trade



- Focused, industry-specific targeting
- Enforcement operations focusing on areas of risk
- Intelligence referrals from the trade (Trade Intelligence)
- Field training on product identification and admissibility concerns



Significant CEE Benefits

 Action 	 Benefits
 Eliminate unnecessary transactional work for compliant importers 	 Potentially fewer cargo delays Reduced importer costs Greater predictability of CBP processes
 Shift focus at Ports of Entry to high-risk shipments 	 More targeted enforcement work for highly skilled CBP employees Improved enforcement results: ✓ Increased revenue protection ✓ Increased import safety ✓ Reduced economic loss to IPR theft
 Provide single POC for inquiries 	 Improved relationship with CBP as importers have a streamlined inquiry process for resolving concerns Increased uniformity and transparency for the trade All participants merchandise is covered by the CEE regardless of commodity/HTS
 Develop cross-functional expertise 	 Environment for in-depth learning to increase CBP expertise in all CBP disciplines Improved understanding of trade practices and concerns
U.S. Customs and	



Border Protection

Agriculture & Prepared Products (APP)

- APP industry covers Chapters 1-24 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule
- Commodities include live animals and plants; animal and plant products; and manufactured food, beverage, and tobacco products
- Over \$122 Billion in imports in FY 2012
- Top commodities: coffee, alcoholic beverages, meat, guar/thickeners, vegetable oils, bananas, soft drinks, candy, shellfish, cocoa
- Top source countries: Canada, Mexico, China, Thailand, Brazil, France
- Top entry ports: New York, Los Angeles, Miami, San Francisco, Philadelphia, Detroit, Laredo, Buffalo, Houston, Nogales
- More than 1,100 CTPAT Importers of Record active in APP imports



APP Center of Excellence and Expertise

- Opened on June 3, 2013
- Currently has 15 Importer Participants
- About \$9 Billion Imports/Year
- Staffed by network of CBP specialists—Import Specialists, National Account Managers, etc.
- Directed from Miami, FL



APP Industry Issues/Risks

- Perishable, seasonal products
- Food security and safety
- Agriculture pests/diseases
- Complex regulatory structure
 - USDA, FDA, TTB, NMFS, EPA, etc.
- Uniformity in port processing



How to Apply for the CEE

- The application process is simple—send an email to <u>CEE@cbp.dhs.gov</u> with business name, contact information and importer of record numbers, and identify your proposed CEE
- To be eligible for the APP CEE, the highest percentage of an applicant's entries must be within Chapters 1-24 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule
- Applicants must have an ACE portal account
- The application period is open-ended
- Please review FRN and test guidelines for further details



Questions?

Contact the Agriculture and Prepared Products Center of Excellence and Expertise at:

CEE-Agriculture@cbp.dhs.gov (email)

– or –

866-295-7624 (Option 02) (phone)





U.S. Customs and Border Protection